

solar electric power association



Helping Utilities Make Smart Solar Decisions

Solar Market Drivers From a Utility Perspective

January 10, 2013

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About SEPA

Educational non-profit (501 c3)

- Celebrating 20 years of service to utilities and solar
- Membership based 1,000+ members
- Providing unbiased information focused on supporting utilities and their needs as they relate to solar adoption
- Providing exclusive member programming, research, education, collaboration and consulting services

Membership 52% of electricity customers 500+ solar industry & stakeholder stakeholder stakeholder 52% of electricity customers +90% of installed solar capacity





Sampling of Members











conEdison

























The Utility Solar Interface

SEPA's unique mission is aimed at utility issues ...

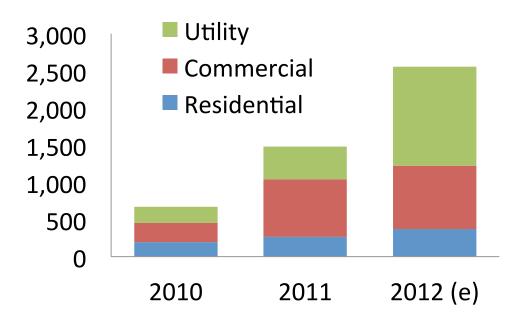
- Resource planning and solar strategy diversity
- Organization design and accountability
- Information technology, data management and analytics
- Solar integration and forecasting
- Customer programs, design, support and communication
- Integration, operation and maintenance
- Distribution system impacts, mitigation and planning

...delivered through tailored education, publications, best practices and consultation



U.S. PV Capacity Growth Growth in PV Dominated in RPS States

Incremental Annual MW (AC)



Top Utilities (2011):

PG&E (CA) – 288 MW-ac

PSEG (NJ) – 181 MW-ac

APS(AZ) - 144 MW-ac

SCE (CA) – 139 MW-ac

ACE(NJ) - 61 MW-ac

Top Utilities (Through 2011):

PG&E (CA) - 762 MW-ac

SCE (CA) – 741 MW-ac

PSEG (NJ) - 299 MW-ac

APS (AZ) – 198 MW-ac

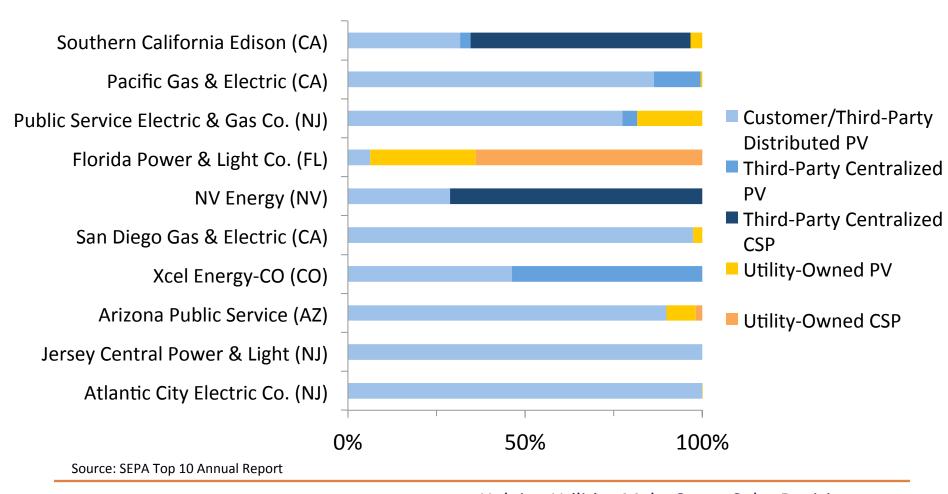
Xcel (CO) – 136 MW-ac

Source: 2010 & 2011 – SEPA; 2012 data – GTM Research

Cumulative 2012 (e): 6200 MW-ac

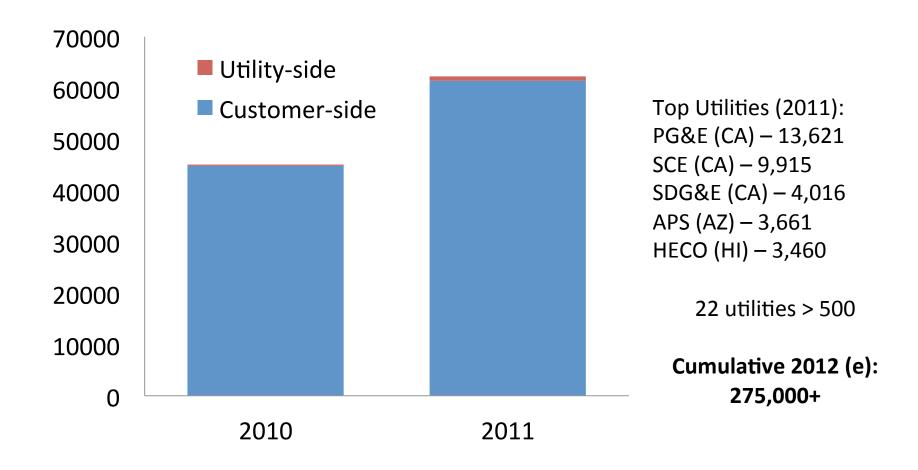


Utility Portfolios – In Service Distributed PV Fills Many Utility Portfolios





of Systems



Source: SEPA



Penetration Rate

Cumulative # of Solar Systems per 1,000 Customers

'11	'10	Utility	#
1	4	Maui Electric Co. (HI)	29.3
2	6	Hawaiian Electric Co. (HI)	23.0
3	1	Roseville Electric (CA)	21.8
4	7	Hawaii Electric Light Co. (HI)	20.6
5	11	Kauai Island Utility Co-op (HI)	19.9
6	2	Verendrye Electric Co-op (ND)	19.0
7	3	City of Palo Alto Utilities (CA)	16.1
8	NR	Healdsburg Electric Department (CA)	13.6
9	5	Sulphur Springs Valley Electric Co-op (AZ)	13.5
10	9	Pacific Gas & Electric (CA)	11.6



Solar Value

Customers:
Higher retail prices
Smaller system sizes
Higher solar costs

Electricity Prices Utilities: Lower wholesale prices Larger system sizes Lower solar costs





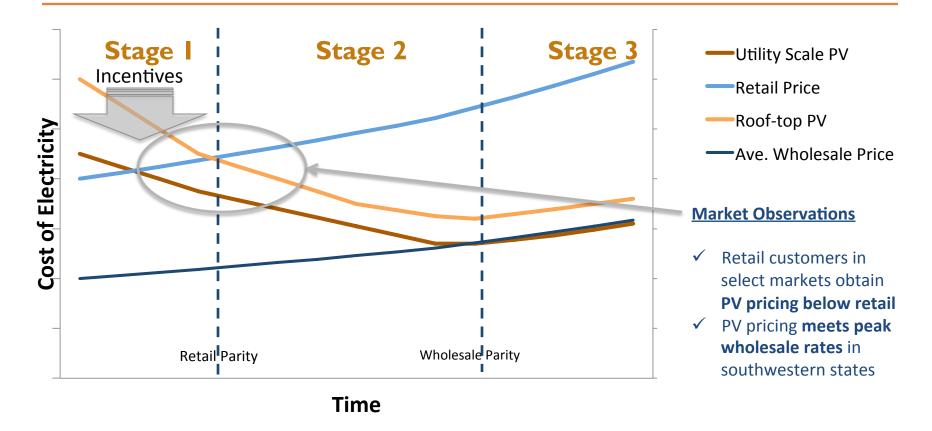
State Policies

Solar Prices



PV Cost Inflection Points

Transitioning from Stage 1 to 2



The difference between wholesale and retail pricing is largely a reflection of utility generation, transmission and distribution infrastructure fixed cost recovery

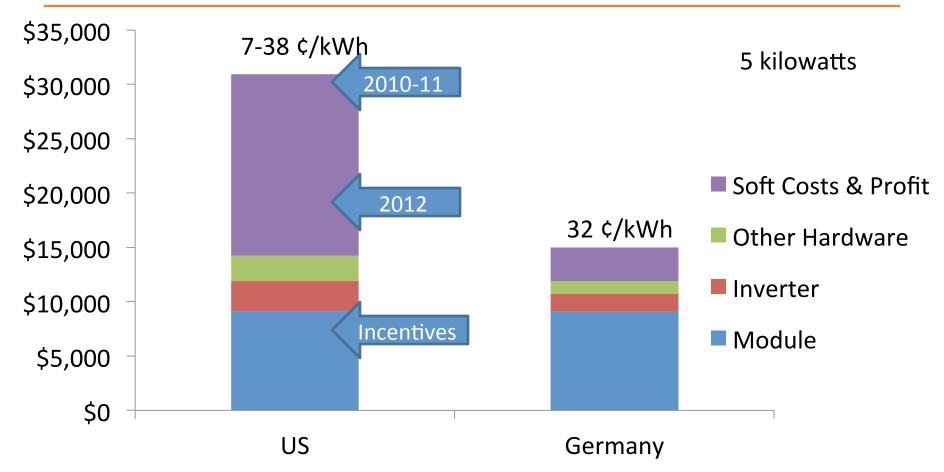


Market Changes

Customer Market	Utility Market	
Lower Solar Prices	Lower Solar Prices	
Rising Electricity Rates	Avoided Costs / Fuels	
Incentives	Risk Assessment	
More Solar Options	Business Opportunity	



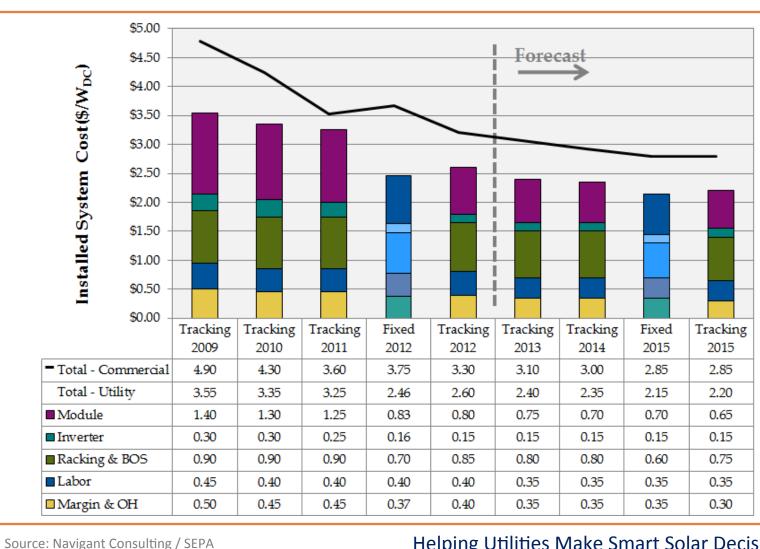
Residential Prices



Source: Seel, Barbose, & Wiser, "Why are Residential PV Prices in Germany So Much Lower Than in the United States," September, 2012

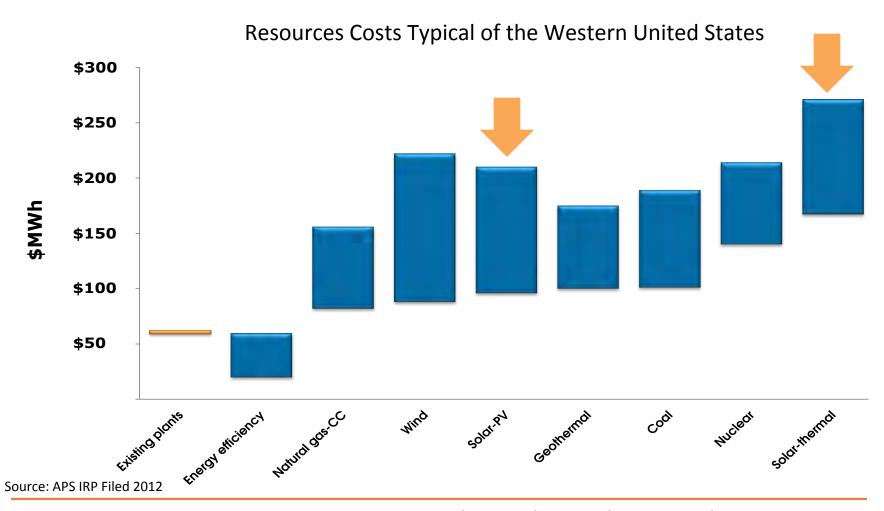


Utility Prices



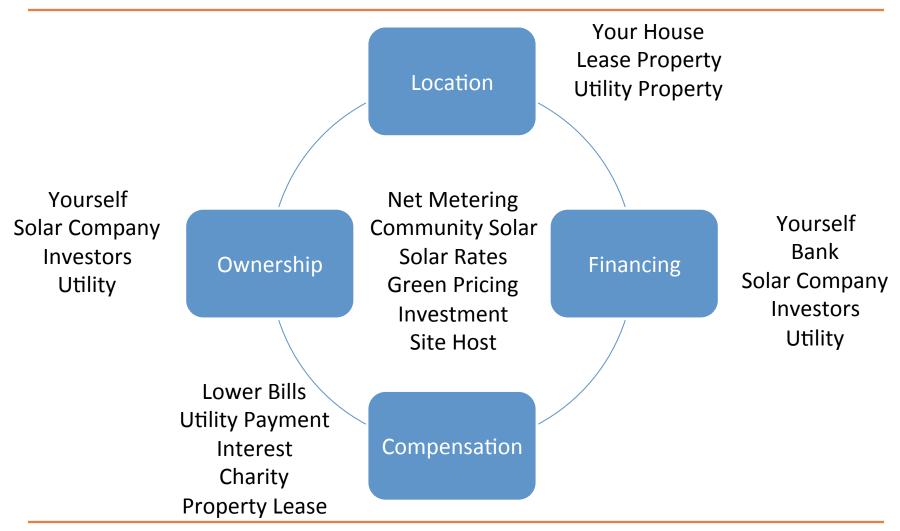


Price Comparison





Consumer Choices



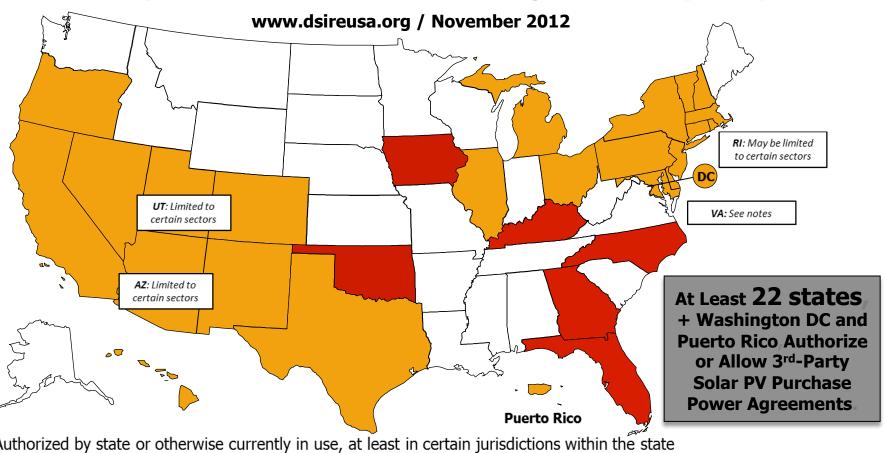
DSIRESOLAR Database of State Incentives for Renewables & Efficiency







3rd-Party Solar PV Power Purchase Agreements (PPAs)



Authorized by state or otherwise currently in use, at least in certain jurisdictions within the state

Apparently disallowed by state or otherwise restricted by legal barriers

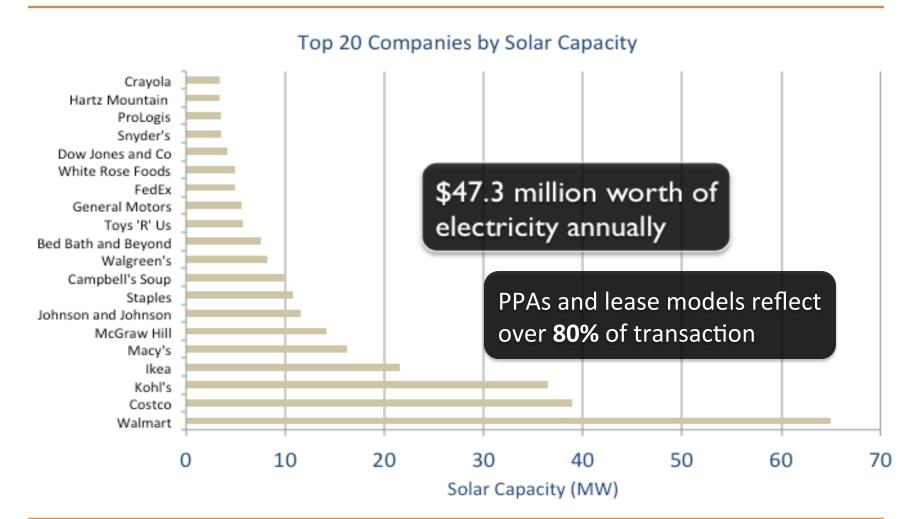
Status unclear or unknown

Note: This map is intended to serve as an unofficial quide; it does not constitute legal advice. Seek qualified legal expertise before making binding financial decisions related to a 3rd-party PPA. See following slides for additional important information and authority references.



Customer Retention

Fueled by Favorable IRRs and Hedge Based-Drivers





Utility Community Solar

- One or more utility-managed photovoltaic projects from which customers can benefit from a fractional share of the electricity output
- The utility takes on risk for the customer (cost, maintenance, performance, etc) in exchange for enhancing utility and customer value:

Utility Value	Customer Value	
Control deployment and contain costs	Flexibility to move within utility area	
Available to more customers	Simple, customer friendly process	
Lower cost than other incentive programs	No up-front or maintenance costs	
Use towards renewable goals	Pricing benefits	
Enhanced relationship with customer	Utility operates for customer	



Utility Community Solar

Examples

Utility Name/Location	Project Type	Program Size
City of St. George, UT	Utility Owned	100 kW
Orlando Utilities Commission, FL	PPA	900 kW
Salt River Project, AZ	PPA	20 MW
Seattle City Light, WA	Utility Owned	24 kW
Trico Electric Cooperative, AZ	Utility Owned	227 kW
Tucson Electric Power, AZ	Utility Owned	12.6 MW
TOTAL		33.8 MW

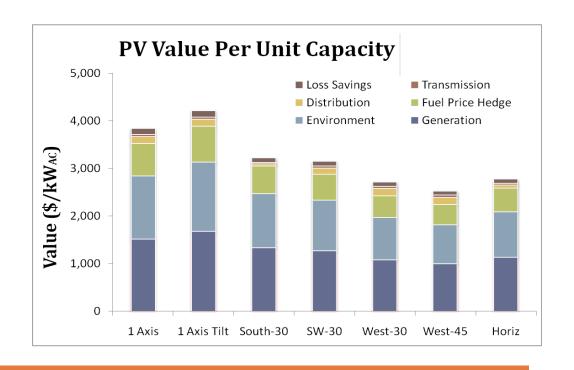
Source: SEPA



Utility Solar Rates

Utility value components

- Loss savings
- Energy
- Generation capacity
- Fuel price hedge
- T&D capacity
- Environmental

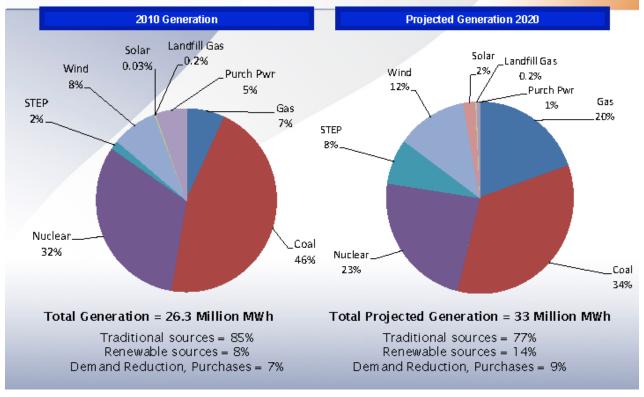


Locational high resolution solar data and system specific characteristics are necessary to fully capture the VOS, these are not easily obtained or economically repeated inhouse without leveraging new planning models



Utility Planning







Utility Ownership

Issues that pull utilities to ownership	Issues that push utilities from ownership
Favorable regulatory approval	Policies prohibiting or limiting utility
environment	ownership
Capital asset return on investment	Unfavorable regulatory approval environment
Federal investment tax credit	Lack of tax appetite
Declining cost of PV technologies	Investment tax credit normalization (for IOUs only)
Less contract debt (e.g. imputed debt)	Real or perceived technology risk
Reduced RPS compliance risk from third-party common issue areas	Construction cost risk
Future cost of PPA replacement	Construction schedule risk
Project flexibility	Operational risks
Control and integration	

2011: 13% of investing over \$3 billion & 700+ MW



Market Changes

Customer Market	Utility Market	
Lower Solar Prices (+)	Lower Solar Prices (+)	
Rising Electricity Rates (+)	Avoided Costs / Fuels (+/-)	
Incentives (+ → -)	Risk Assessment (+/-)	
More Solar Options (+)	Business Opportunity (+)	



Closing Thoughts Maintaining Parity and Delivering Solar

- PV deployment in the US will demonstrate continued steady growth, varying by state and utility market
- Customer interests, needs and actions will continue to accelerate
 - Net metering will drive utility rate and regulatory reform
- Utility resource planning should begin to reflect unique aspects of solar
- Utility innovations require utility leadership



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Thank You

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